

Center for Musculoskeletal Research

Massachusetts General Hospital 50 Blossom Street, Thier 10 & 11 Boston, MA 02114-2696

Email: CSRMAIL@PARTNERS.ORG

Website: www.csr-mgh.org

Musculoskeletal Cell Core

Directors: Paola Divieti Pajevic, MD, PhD Lou Gerstenfeld, PhD

Email: BoneCell@bu.edu

Bone Marrow Cells Isolation

Flush bone marrow from femur/ tibia (cut both end and flush the BM with 1 ml of α -MEM ice cold)

• Collect cells and count cells (take 100-200 μl of cell suspension, add equal volume of 2% acetic acid to lyse red blood cells. Let sit for 10 min @ room temp, count- remember that cells were diluted 1:2!) and resuspend the cells in αMEM 10%FBS 1%PS

FOR Osteoclasts formation

- Resuspend the cells to a final density of 1.5x10⁶ cells/ml Plate cells at 1.5x 10⁶ cells/ml in 24-well plates (0.5 ml/well). Use only the 8 central wells and add PBS or H2O to the outside wells. Cells are plated in α-MEM+10% FBS+1% PS and Dexamethasone 100nM (protocol from Takahasi et al. Endocrinology 1988)
- Add treatment: vit D (10nM) or PTH (10nM) to induce OCs differentiation
- Every other day change ½ volume (250 μl) and replace with fresh medium containing 2X Dexamethasone and treatment
- OCs will form within 2 weeks
- For OCs visualization perform TRAP staining

FOR CFU-s experiment

- Resuspend the cells to a final density of 1x10⁶ cells/ml and plate into a 6-well plate (2ml/well). Add mineralization medium (50μg/ml of L-Ascorbic Acid and 10mM B-glycerophosphate) to induce CFUosteoblasts (CFU-Ob)
- Prepare 1000X stock of both AA and BGPO and store them at -20C protected from light. Add them fresh every time (add to α MEM complete medium and filter
- Change medium 3 times/week
- Stain for ALK Phopsh and count colonies bigger than 2 mm (CFU-Ob)
- Stain with crystal violet for total cells count (CFU-f)



ALK Phosphatase staining:

Reagents needed:

- 3.7% paraformaldehyde (PFA) or 10% buffered Formalin
- ALP staining solution:

| 0 | Naphtol AS-MX phosphate (Sigma N-4875) | 5mg |
|---|--|---------|
| 0 | NN-Dymethylformamide | 0.25 ml |
| 0 | 0.1M Tris buffer (pH 8.5) | 50ml |
| 0 | Fast Blue BB salt (Sigma F-0250) | 30 mg |

- First dissolve the Naphtol AS-MX in the NN Dymethylformamide, then add Tris and the add the fast blue salt. Dissolve completely and filter (0.45um to remove particle)
- Protect from light and keep on ice

Procedure:

- Aspirate medium
- wash the plated 3 times with PBS (2ml/well)
- fix with PFA or Formalin at RT for 30 min
- wash 3 times with PBS
- Incubate for 30 min at RT with the ALK SOLUTION (protect from light)
- Wash the cells 3 times with PBS or DW
- Count the colonies

NB: you need to count ALK colonies (CFU-Ob prior to proceed with the CV since it will stain over the ALK)

Crystal Violet (CV) staining of cells and Clone counting (from Timothy lane)

Reagents:

- Stocks
 - o 3.7% paraformaldehyde (PFA) or 10% buffered Formalin
 - o 0.05% Crystal violet dilute in distilled water and filtered (0.45 uM before use)

Procedure: (skip the fixation if done it above)



- Aspirate medium
- wash the plated 3 times with PBS (2ml/well)
- fix with PFA or Formalin at RT for 30 min
- wash 3 times with PBS
- STAIN for 30 mi with 0.05% CV
- Wash 2-3 times with tap water
- Dry and count colonies/take images

Reading CV staining (OD450)

- Add 0.1-1 ml of methanol to the plate to solubilize the dye
- Read the plate directly or by taking an aliquot of the staining (OD 450)
- NB: The cells do not lyse and the morphology is well preserved